Itinerary

Route: 7-Day Tour in Western Balkan Peninsula (from Budapest)

Countries: Hungary Croatia Bosnia and Herzegovina

Departure:

D1 Budapest Departure: 08:00 Meeting Point: Műcsarnok (Budapest, Dózsa György út 37,

1146 Hungary)

D1 Zagreb Departure: 14:30 Meeting Point: Zagrebačka katedrala, Kaptol 31, 10000, Zagreb

End:

D4 Dubrovnik
Drop Off: Attraction in Dubrovnik

D7 Budapest Estimated Arrival: 19:00 Drop Off: Műcsarnok

Accommodation: 3-Star Hotel Accommodation

Guide: Chinese Speaking Guide

Itinerary: Budapest-Zagreb-Plitvice Lakes Park-Zadar-Split-Dubrovnik-Mostar-Sarajevo-Vinkovci-

Pécs-Budapest





Tour Overview

Depart from Budapest and travel to Zagreb, the capital of Croatia, to explore its charm. We will visit [Zagreb Cathedral], a majestic Neo-Gothic structure th at is the tallest building in Croatia and a symbol of the city. [St. Mark's Churc h], known for its unique and colorful tiled roof, displays the coats of arms of Zagreb and the Kingdom of Croatia. [Lotrščak Tower], located near the Muse um of Broken Relationships, offers a spectacular view of the old town from it s observation deck. Don't miss the chance to capture the beauty of Zagreb fr om above!Overnight in Zagreb or nearby.



Meeting Point

D1 Budapest	Departure: 08:00	Meeting Point: Műcsarnok (Budapest, Dózsa György út 37, 1146 Hungary)
D1 Zagreb	Departure: 14:30	Meeting Point: Zagrebačka katedrala, Kaptol 31, 10000, Zagreb

the whole day •

Please note:

(1)A Schengen residence permit or a C-type Schengen visa (double-entry or multiple-entry) or a D-type visa (residence visa) is required.

(2)Bosnia and Herzegovina is not part of the EU, so border controls may be in place. If border controls are encountered, the itinerary may need to be adjusted.



Assumption Cathedral (Zagreb Cathedral)



St. Marks Cathedra

[Assumption Cathedral (Zagreb Cathedral)]

The Assumption Cathedral, located in the heart of the Croatian capital of Zagreb, was destroyed in the 1880 earthquake and later rebuilt in 1899. The ruins include 13th-century frescoes, Renaissance backrest benches, marble altars and Baroque-style pulpit.

[St. Marks Cathedral]

Located on St. Mark's Square, St. Mark's Church in Zagreb is a Gothic building with a beautiful tiled roof. Located in the heart of St. Mark's Square, it was built in the 13th century. The interior of the church is beautifully carved and has different shapes. The eastern side of St. Mark's Square is the Croatian Parliament and the west side is the seat of the Croatian government. The work of the famous Croatian sculptor Meštrovich is displayed in the church.

Meal: Breakfast Included

Accommodation: Zagreb or nearby

Day 2 Zagreb ☐ Plitvice Lakes Park ☐ Zadar

Tour Overview

In the morning, head to [Plitvice Lakes National Park], known as the "Jewel of Croatia" and the country' s oldest and largest national park. It offers breatht aking natural beauty and rich biodiversity. Later, visit Zadar, a historic city in Croatia. Under the [Zadar City Gate], built by the Venetians, feel the echoes of the city's prosperous past. See the [St. Donatus Church] (exterior visit only), a testament to the grandeur of ancient Roman history, and experience the modern experimental instrument—the [Sea Organ], which transforms ocean waves into captivating melodies. Overnight in Zadar or nearby.

the whole day •



Plitvice Lakes National Park



St. Donat Church



Zadar city gate



Sea organ

[Plitvice Lakes National Park]

The most desirable lake, waterfall and wildlife habitat in Europe - Plitvice is known as the Plitvice Lakes National Park because of its main 16 lakes. Whether it is scenery or geological origin, the Plitvice Lakes group is very similar to Jiuzhaigou in China, so in China, it is often referred to as

"European Jiuzhaigou" . The waterfall with the largest drop here is nearly 200 meters, and the smallest drop is only 2 meters. I don't know if it is the smallest waterfall in the world. Unlike the famous Great Falls, the rush is not a feature of the Plitvice Lakes waterfall. The feminine and quietness created by silk silk is the special feature here.

[St. Donat Church]

The former Romanesque church of St. Donat, with its rounded appearance, is undoubtedly the most outstanding symbol of Zarda and enjoys a special place in the 14 existing churches in the city. Built in the 9th century, rebuilt in the 15th century, it is now used as a concert hall. The ruins in front of the church are the ruins of the ancient Roman palace

[Zadar city gate]

The gates of Zadar are the gates of the Venetians built in 1543, one of the landmarks of Zadar. The flying San Marco stone lion statue in the center of the city gate shows the origin of the royal family in Venice. Under the stone lion is the statue of the patron saint, guarding the history of Zadar

[Sea organ]

The world's unique sea organ, built in 2005, is a group of 70-meter-long waterfall ladders leading to the sea. It is equipped with 35 pipes of different caliber sizes and different slopes, which are issued by the impact of sea breeze and waves. sound. The unique Zalda "sea organ" in the world. The principle of vocalization is to place the music tube under the marble steps on the seashore, and use the movement of the waves to exert pressure on the air inside the tube to make a sound. Therefore, the player of the sea organ is a wave, it is nature.

Meal: Breakfast Included

Accommodation: Zadar or nearby



Tour Overview

After breakfast, head to Split, a historic city in Croatia. In this charming town, which blends city and sea, visit [Republic Square], a vibrant and historic squar e surrounded by neoclassical buildings, and admire the UNESCO World Herit age-listed [Diocletian's Palace] (optional) and [St. Domnius Cathedral], one of the oldest Catholic cathedrals still in use today, immersing yourself in ancient culture. Overnight in Split or nearby.

the whole day •







Dubrovnik Walls

Franciscan Monastery

Banje Beach

[Dubrovnik Walls]

The Dubrovnik Walls are defensive stone walls that surround the Old City. They have stood in the south of Croatia since the 7th century and are considered to be one of the greatest defense systems of the Middle Ages and have never been destroyed by the enemy. In 1979, the Old City of Dubrovnik and a large part of the city wall were included in the World Cultural Heritage List by UNESCO. Stroll through the walls of the Old Town and enjoy the perfect view.

[Franciscan Monastery]

The Franciscan Monastery is located in the west of the Old Town and was built in 1317. It is a treasured cultural, artistic and historical heritage of Dubrovnik. The carved stone in the cloister complements the surrounding environment. A museum was set up in the monastery, divided into a pharmacy and a library. The former is one of the oldest similar pharmaceutical establishments in Europe and is still in use today; the latter is the most important ancient library in Croatia, with more than 1,200 precious manuscripts, 137 ancient books, 7 volumes of ancient church hymns and about More than 2,000 pieces of religious ceremonial objects and paintings are invaluable.

[Banje Beach]

Banje Beach is Dubrovnik's most famous beach, offering an excellent view of the old city walls and Lokrum Island, attracting visitors from all over the world. Walking on the cobbled beaches, the crystal clear water gently touches your feet, the beach is very suitable for sports, and the bar street next to it attracts young people to stop.

Meal: Breakfast Included

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Accommodation: Split or nearby



Day 4 Split ■ Dubrovnik



Tour Overview

Depart from the hotel and head to the Old Town of Dubrovnik, a UNESCO W orld Heritage site. Visit the [Franciscan Monastery], known for its impressive architecture and the oldest functioning pharmacy in Europe, and explore the iconic [Dubrovnik City Walls], which offer stunning views of the Adriatic Sea a nd the surrounding area. Then, take a boat tour on the Adriatic, enjoying pan oramic views of the Old Town and the beautiful [Banje Beach], a popular spot known for its clear waters and breathtaking scenery. Overnight in Dubrovnik or nearby.



Drop Off *For reference only, the actual arrangement is subject to the to ur guide

D4 Dubrov nik Drop Off: Attraction in Dubrovnik

the whole day •







Budva Old Town



Kotor Church

The ancient city of Kotor is one of the best-preserved medieval old towns in the Adriatic Sea and is a UNESCO World Heritage Site. There are many features in the city with cities along the Adriatic coast. At the same time, because the city is located in the geographical location of Eastern Europe, there are many characteristic Orthodox churches in the city.

[Budva Old Town]

The old town of Budva is located on a peninsula dating back to the 15th century. The streets are relatively narrow, but different Mediterranean cultures and precious monuments bear witness to Budva.

[Kotor Church]

Kotor Cathedral, also known as St. Triphon Cathedral (St. Tryphon Cathedral) is a Roman Catholic church in Kotor. It is also an iconic building in the Old Town of Kotor and the oldest church. It is based on it.

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Meal: Breakfast Included

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Accommodation: Dubrovnik or nearby



Day 5 Dubrovnik ☐ Mostar ☐ Sarajevo



Tour Overview

After breakfast, depart for Mostar, a city with a rich history shaped by resilien ce and adversity. Explore the Old Town, which survived numerous challenges over the centuries. Visit the UNESCO World Heritage-listed [Stari Most (Old Bridge)], an iconic symbol of the city, originally built by the Ottomans in the 16th century and restored after its destruction during the Bosnian War. Wan der through the charming streets of the Old Town to gain deeper insight into the region's fascinating history and cultural heritage. Overnight in Sarajevo or nearby.

the whole day 0



Mostar Bridge [Mostar Bridge]



Hercegovačka Gračanica

The Mostar Bridge is a 16th-century bridge in the ancient city of Mostar in the southern part of Bosnia and Herzegovina. It is also known as the inner river of the Neretva, which is also known for its beautiful curvature and magnificent form. Rainbow over the river Leteva. The stone bridge was first built by Turkish architects in 1566. It was blown up during the Bosnian War on November 9, 1993, and became a permanent testimony of racial hatred. Since then, under the assistance of international organizations and many countries, the ancient bridge that has been restored and rebuilt for three years was reopened on July 23, 2004, and many buildings around the ancient bridge were also restored. Due to the heavy history of the city and the meaning of the bridge itself, the reconstructed ancient bridge is regarded as a symbol of coordinated reconciliation and international cooperation, and has also been placed on the hope of harmonious coexistence among different cultures, races and religious societies.

[Hercegovačka Gračanica]

The Hercegovačka Gračanica church is located on the Crkvina hill above the town of Trebinje. It was built to commemorate the famous poet Jovan Ducic and is clearly visible anywhere in Trebinje. It is similar to the replica of the Kocan Gracanica Orthodox Church. The style of this church is different from most other religious buildings in Bosnia and Herzegovina. It is more a mosque in Bosnia and Herzegovina and worth visiting.

Meal: Breakfast Included

Accommodation: Sarajevo or nearby

Day 6 Sarajevo □ Vinkovci

Tour Overview

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After breakfast, head to Sarajevo, the capital of Bosnia and Herzegovina, a cit y known for its rich cultural diversity and complex history. Visit the [Gazi Hus rev-beg Mosque], one of the most important Ottoman-era landmarks in the city, and the [Sarajevo Clock Tower], which stands as a historical reminder of the city's Ottoman past. Then, explore the [Latin Bridge], a site of great hist orical significance, famously known as the location where Archduke Franz Fer dinand was assassinated in 1914, an event that led to the outbreak of World War I. Overnight in Vinkovci or nearby.

the whole day 0



Latin Bridge



Sarajevo Clock Tower



Sarajevo Grand Mosque

[Latin Bridge]

The Latin Bridge is located in the city centre and was known as the Principe Bridge during the Yugoslav period. The northern end of the Latin Bridge is the scene of the Sarajevo incident. This incident was also the fuse of the First World War. The current bridge was built in 1798-1799.

[Sarajevo Clock Tower]

Built in 1667, the big clock on it is made in Italy and is the only public clock in the city. It is strictly the mosque's "Secret House". Visitors who have seen the former Yugoslav movie "Walter defends Sarajevo" must have a special feeling for the clock tower that appears in the movie: the old watchmaker, in order to cover Walter, resolutely went to the clock tower to meet the enemy and was finally killed. In June 2012, the original mechanical device in the Big Bell was replaced by the current electronic device.

[Sarajevo Grand Mosque]

Located in the heart of the old city of Sarajevo, it was built by Gazi Husrev Bey, who was then the governor of the Ottoman Empire in Bosnia. It was built in 1531 and was carried out in the 1990s due to damage during the civil war. The reconstruction work is now the largest and most important historical building and Islamic religious center in Bosnia and Herzegovina. There are mausoleums in the temple, and many great figures in the history of Bosnia have been sleeping here.

Meal: Breakfast Included

Accommodation: Vinkovci or nearby

Day 7 Vinkovci ☐ Pécs ☐ Budapest

Tour Overview

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After breakfast, depart for Pécs, a city located in the southwestern part of Hu ngary, near the Croatian border. Known for its rich cultural heritage, Pécs was once called Sopianae during the Roman period. Visit the early Christian ceme tery from the 4th century, a UNESCO World Heritage site located in the popu lar tourist center. Explore [Széchenyi Square], an area surrounded by beautifu I architecture, and admire the [Zsolnay Fountain], named after the famous Zs olnay porcelain. Also, visit the [Pécs Cathedral] (exterior visit only), a landmar k reflecting the city's religious history. Finally, return to Budapest to conclude the tour.

Drop Off *For reference only, the actual arrangement is subject to the to ur guide

the whole day 🕒



Tito Marshal Tomb



Kalemegdan castle



Mikhailo Dagong Street



St. Sava Cathedral



Petrovaradin Fortress



Novi Sad Freedom Square

[Tito Marshal Tomb]

Tito's tomb is also called "flower house". It is the cemetery of the famous leader of the southern federation, Tito. The reason why it is called "flower house" is because the periphery of the tomb has been surrounded by flowers, but now, next to the tomb is surrounded by White rock. Tito's full name, Joseph Broz Tito, was born on May 25, 1892 in the village of Kumrovets, Croatia.

[Kalemegdan castle]

Kalemegdan Castle is both a castle and a park. It is the best testimony of history and the iconic attraction and leisure destination of Belgrade. The main body of Kalemegdan Castle was built in the 17th century, but there are also some medieval gates, Islamic-style graves and Turkish baths.

Kalemegdan Castle is divided into four sections, namely Lower Town, Upper Town, Little Kalemegdan and Grand Kalemegdan. Each part has its own characteristics and is very ornamental.

[Mikhailo Dagong Street]

It is Belgrade's most prestigious commercial pedestrian street. Although it is only a short one kilometer long, it is famous for its 1970s architecture on both sides and is also listed as a national historical street.

[St. Sava Cathedral]

It is currently the most magnificent Orthodox church in the Balkan Peninsula. It was built to commemorate the national hero Saint Sava Nemania and is of great importance in the history and cultural development of Serbia. The church was built in 1935 and was interrupted twice due to the lack of economic development during the war and communism. The entire external construction project was completed in December 2003, and the interior decoration is still in progress.

[Petrovaradin Fortress]

It is a fortress on the right bank of the Danube in Novi Sad, the capital of the Autonomous Province of Vojvodina, Serbia. It was already a large-scale fortification during the Roman Empire. Known as "Gibraltar on the Danube", the castle was built by the prisoners in 1692 until 1780, with Novi Sad after the castle.

[Novi Sad Freedom Square]

It belongs to the central square of the old town and is surrounded by various buildings. The most prominent is the steeple cathedral. The church is opposite the city hall. There are several churches in different shapes around the square. There is a theatre and park.

Meal: Breakfast Included

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Price Explanation

What's included

- (1)Accommodation: 3-star hotel (shared twin/double room)
- (2) Vehicle: coach or car (Note: depending on the number of applicants)
- (3) Driver/Guide: driver + tour guide (Note: If a car with 9 seats or less, there will be only driver)
- (4)Meals: breakfast
- (5)Luggage: 1 piece of luggage weighing 23 kg and 1 piece of carry-on luggage

What's Excluded

- (1)Entrance Tickets: Guests can choose whether or not to participate according to their own wishes. The tour guide will arrange the tickets during the tour.
- (2)Lunch and Dinner
- (3) Tips to driver and guide
- (4) Single room Supplement
- (5)Additional costs due to force majeure such as traffic delays, strikes, weather, aircraft, machine failure, flight cancellation or change time.
- (6)In-house laundry, hairdressing, telephone, fax, pay TV, drinks, alcohol and other personal consumption.
- (7)Other items not included in the above "What's included".

Good to Know

- (1) Special price for children:
- 2 adults with a child under 6 years old sharing a double room, children can get 35% off on the bed. Children occupy the bed at the same price as adults. An adult has a child who is the same price as an adult.
- (2) Bus front-row seat reservation, first come, first served:
- There are only 16 seats in the front five rows of buses and 6 seats in the front two rows of minibuses. If we change to a 9-seat car, the fee will be refunded.

Recommended activity reference (at your own expense)

Must pay		
Dubrovnik Permit(Mandatory)	20,00 €	
Attraction tickets		
	01 January – 31 March & 01 November – 31 December 10,00 €	
Plitvice Lakes National Park	01 April – 31 May & 01 October – 31 October 23,50 €	
PIITVICE LAKES INGLIONAL PARK	01 June – 31 August 40,00 €(valid until 4 p.m), 26,50 €(after 4 p.m.)	
	01 September – 30 September 40,00 €(valid until 3 p.m), 26,50 €(after 3 p.m.)	
Diocletian's Cellars(The Diocletian Palace Substructures)	8.00€	
Additional optional items		
Dubrovnik Boat Tour	20,00 €	
Lunch and dinner fee		
Chinese Lunch (Group Standard: 6 dishes and 1 soup)	15,00-20,00 €	
Chinese Dinner (Group Standard: 6 dishes and 1 soup)	15,00-20,00 €	
Local Specialty	25,00-35,00 €	
Driver and guide tip		
Plitvice Lakes National Park Official Guide Service	10,00 €	
Tips per person per day for Driver	5,00 €	
Tips per person per day for Guide	5,00 €	
The above is only the reference price, if the announcement at that time. For self-funded projects, please cooperate with a	e price is adjusted, it will be subject to the nd obey the tour guide's itinerary.	